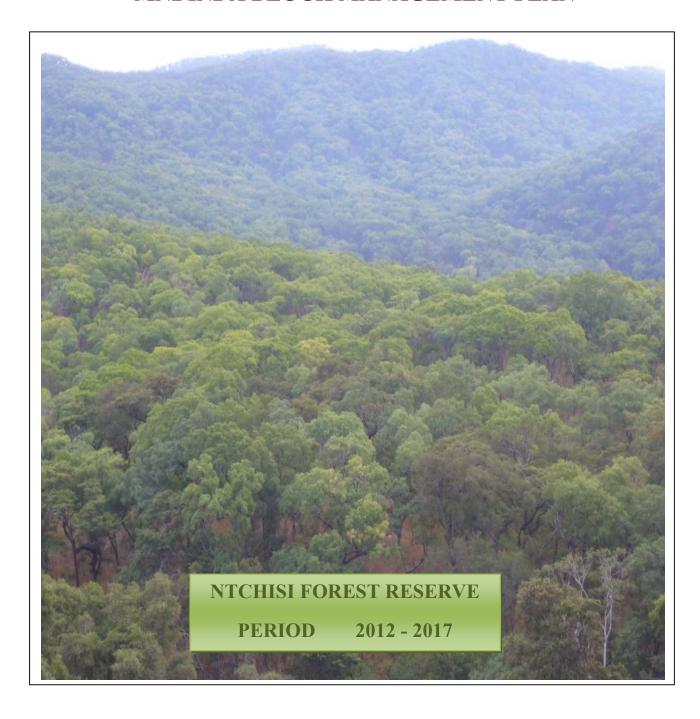


MNDINDA BLOCK MANAGEMENT PLAN



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Sincere thanks to the following for their valued assistance rendered during the development of Mndinda Block Management Plan, Group Village Headman [GVH] Mndinda, Traditional Authority [TA] Nthondo and all village heads and members of Mndinda Block.

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Our donor partner, the European Union [EU] deserves special thanks for funding the IFMSLP whose activities include the development and implementation of this forest management plan.

ACRONYMS

BMC -Block Management Committee

BMCA -Block Management Committee Account.

DFO -District Forestry Officer/Office

EU -European Union

EPA -Extension Planning Area

FD -Forest Department

FDF -Forest Development Fund

FUG -Forest User Group

FMU -Forest Management Unit

GVH -Group Village Head

IFMSLP -Improved Forest Management for Sustainable Livelihood Programme

FMB -Local Forest Management Board

LFMBA -Local Forest Management Board Account

LFO -Local Forest Organization

NGO -Non Governmental Organization

PCU -Programme Coordinating Unit

TA -Traditional Authority

VH -Village Head

VNRMC -Village Natural Resource Management Committee

1.0 INTRODUCTION

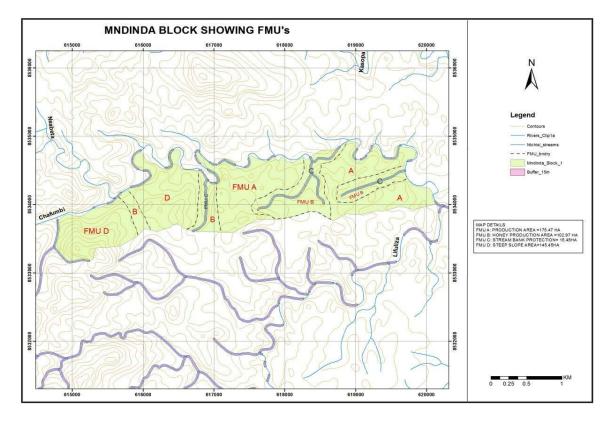
This document is the summary of a process of joint discussions, analysis, consultation, negotiation and planning by the community of Group Village Head [G.V.H.] Mndinda, Traditional Authority [T.A.] Nthondo, Ntchisi District.

Facilitation in the development of this plan was undertaken by forestry extension workers from Department of Forestry [DoF]. This approach was adopted with the aim of empowering people of GVH Mndinda to make decisions and take responsibility for and promote collective action for protection, management and sustainable utilisation of their forest management block. This approach is in line with the Malawi National Forestry Policy of 1996, which recognises the need for communities to be given a greater role in the management of forests and access to forest resources both on public and on customary land.

The output of the process of planning, consultation and negotiation is this Block Management Plan which was agreed by key stakeholders of Mndinda area. The process was participatory with the aim of empowering people in a transparent and equity based approach.

The plan includes resource use rules which are locally relevant and locally enforceable to assist in the protection, sustainable management and equitable sharing of forest benefits by the Mndinda communities both the present and future.

Fig 1 Map of Mndinda Block



2.0 MANAGING AUTHORITY

This Management Plan shall be managed by Mndinda Block Management committee with support from the Forestry Department.

The Block Committee shall be registered to become a Local Forest Organisation and it will be an official institution with legal mandate to ensure that the Block Management plan is followed. There are 27 villages within Mndinda GVH as follows Khuntho, Nduwa, Chimutu, Liwondwe 1,Chimanda 1, Kanthunchimanga, Chimanda 2, Chikulumeni, Chipale, Chakhutamadzi, Kamanga,Chinyama, Morogeni, Chiwoza, Topaizi, Nalandwa, Chidzaye, Kapombe, Simoko, Mndinda, Phuthe, Liwondwe2, Rabson, Mayambo, Matiroko, Gaweni2 and Kavanjiru. The total number of households in G.V.H Mndinda is 430 and these are the people who are expected to co-manage Mndinda Block with assistance from DoF.

3.0 FOREST DESCRIPTION

3.1. General Description

Mndinda Block is located 55kms east of Ntchisi Boma and is part of Ntchisi state owned forest reserve. The size of the block is 439.2 ha. It is located in the area of Group Village Head Mndinda, Traditional Authority Nthondo in Ntchisi District.

3.1.1 Vegetation

The forest block is dominated by Acacia polyacantha tree species locally known as Mthethe, followed by Mkhuthe species. Other tree species which are also available include; Mphandwa, mjinkha, thombodzi, mlombwa, mpoka, mtondo, mmbanga, mmombo, mkuti, mgoza, mpoza, msundwe, mseza, msolo, kawidzi, kamphoni, mtukumphako, chipembere, msekese, nkulasinga, kangaluche, kanyanyata, mtsewa, kabowa, mpalankhanga, mbwazi, naphini, ndyapumbwa, kadale, mmwaye, mgonkhomwala, mkalakate, nlakanjovu, muwawani, mbawa, nkulo, kavunda, mng'ona, nthudza, kafupa, chiwaza, nchiwu and mtangatanga.

3.1.2 Soils

Loam is the type of soil dominant in Mndinda Block.

3.2 Boundary

To the west and north Chafumbi river separates the block from customary land while to the south, Dyamphi River separates the block from Msankhile block while other areas painted trees and rocks act as boundaries.

3.3 Tenure

Mndinda Block is located on public land in Ntchisi Forest Reserve. Under the comanagement, Government and local communities will have shared forest management responsibilities as well as benefit sharing arrangements for the block. Government will still maintain custody of the reserve while relevant communities shall have the user rights under a signed comanagement agreement.

3.4 Forest users

People from GVHs Mndinda are primary users of the resources from Mndinda Block. All the villages under Mndinda Block will have the right to collect or harvest forest produce from the block. The communities will have to access resources from this block through a Block Management Committee (BMC) which will be responsible for issuing user permits according to the type of forest products to be harvested /collected.

3.5 Main uses

The block will be accessed by all relevant forest users who, under a management agreement will be permitted to obtain in a sustainable manner both woody and non-woody forest products which include the following: fuel wood, timber, poles, hoe handles, bamboos, fibre, medicinal products, mushroom, fruits, honey and thatch grass.

Apart from being a source of the above mentioned forest products; the block also serves as a catchment area for rivers and streams within the block and beyond. Grazing is permitted. Other ecological services include soil and water conservation mainly in steep slopes and river lines.

4. 0 FOREST MANAGEMENT UNITS

Mndinda Block has two distinct Forest management units-; FMU 1 and FMU2. FMU 1 is classified as non-harvestable area while FMU 2 is harvestable area. Classification is based on the nature of the terrain and the fragility of the ecosystem in the area.

FMU 1: This is an area within the Block which has been set aside for provision of other ecological services such as soil and water conservation. This area has steep slopes, river line areas and water catchment areas. It has a total area of 151.6 hectares. (Fig2).

FMU 2: The remaining area for production purposes where harvesting of woody forest products and non woody products for domestic and commercial purposes shall be done and it covers an area of 287.6ha. (Fig 2)

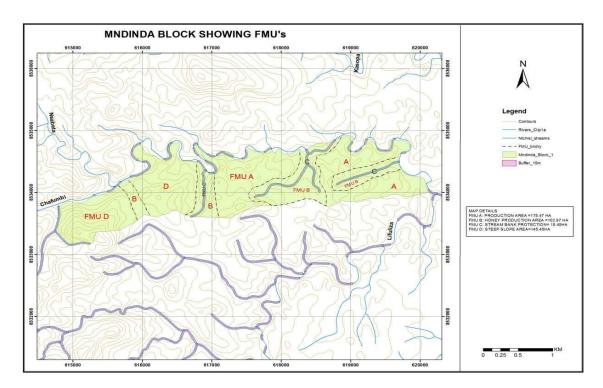


Fig. 2 Map of Non Harvestable Area (FMU 1) and Harvestable Area (FMU 2)

4.1 Main objectives of Non Harvestable and Harvestable areas

4.1.1 Non harvestable areas

- To conserve and protect steep slopes and river line areas.
- To sustainably harvest non woody forest products such as; mushroom, medicine, fruits, thatch grass, bamboos and honey for domestic use and for sale.

4.1.2 Harvestable areas

- To sustainably harvest and utilize woody products like; firewood, poles, timber, for domestic use and for sale.
- To sustainably harvest non woody forest products such as; mushroom, medicine, fruits, thatch grass, bamboos and honey for domestic use and for sale.

4.2 Specific objectives of Non harvestable and Harvestable areas

4.2.1 Non harvestable areas

- To conserve river line vegetation so that water flow throughout the year for domestic use.
- To protect steep slopes.

• To sustainably harvest non woody forest products such as; mushroom, medicine, fruits, thatch grass, bamboos and honey for domestic use and for sale.

4.2.2 Harvestable areas

- To conserve and protect steep slopes and river line areas.
- To sustainably harvest woody forest products such as; mushroom, medicine, fruits, thatch grass, bamboos and honey for domestic use and for sale.
- To sustainably harvest and utilize woody products like; firewood, poles, timber, for domestic use and for sale.

5.0 MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES

5.1 Overall objective

To jointly protect, manage and control the sustainable utilization of forest products and other ecological services in Mndinda Block with Forestry Department upon a signed co-management agreement.

5.2 Specific Objectives

- To sustainably harvest and utilize woody products like; firewood, poles, hoe handles, timber, for domestic use and for sale.
- To sustainably harvest non woody forest products such as; mushroom, medicine, fruits, thatch grass, edible caterpillars and honey for domestic use and for sale.
- To conserve and protect steep slopes and river line areas.

6.0 RESOURCE USE RULES

Resource rules below have been developed by the relevant community with technical support from Ntchisi District Forest office team. They are intended to be used for participatory management of Mndinda Block with regards to forest resource protection, sustainable management, and utilization (table 6.1)

Table 6.1 Forest Resource rules for Mndinda Block

These rules where applicable relate to the whole Block.

No	Resource rules	Specification	Penalty
1.	No one is allowed to collect any forest produce (fuel wood, fibre ropes, etc) from the Block without permit from BMC.	Collection of any forest produce will require a written authorization from the LFO.	Anyone found guilty of collecting forest produce without permit shall pay a fine of (1) chicken or MK500.00
2.	No one is allowed to light or cause fire to light in the Block without authority.	Under control by BMC during controlled early burning.	Anyone found guilty of lighting or causing fire to light without permit shall pay a fine of (1) one goat or MK3,000.00
3.	No one is allowed to hunt in the Block without permit from BMC.	Strictly prohibited	Anyone found guilty of hunting in the Block without authority shall pay a fine of two chickens or MK1,000.00
4	No one is allowed to saw timber in the Block without permit from BMC	Sawing of timber shall be done under license.	Anyone found guilty of sawing timber in the Block without authority shall pay a fine of five chickens or MK2, 500.00.
5	No one is allowed to collect honey in the Block without permit from BMC.	Collection of honey will require a written authorization from the LFO.	Anyone found guilty of collecting honey without permit shall pay a fine of two chickens or MK1, 000.00.
6	Anyone who has been permitted to access and use the Block must be accompanied by LFO member	To be regulated and monitored by BMC	Anyone who accesses and uses the Block without being accompanied by LFO member shall pay a fine of a chicken or MK500.00
7	No one is allowed to elect any building, a hut or cattle enclosure	Under strict control by the BMC	Anyone found guilty of electing any building, a hut or cattle enclosure shall pay a fine of four chickens or MK2,000.00
8	No one is allowed to clear, break up land for cultivation in the Block without authority from the LFO.	Under strict control by the BMC.	Anyone found guilty of clearing, breaking up land for cultivation in the Block without authority from the LFO shall pay a fine of a goat or MK3,000.00

9	No one is allowed to alter or remove any beacon, mark or boundary within the Block without authority from LFO.	Under strict control by the BMC.	Anyone found guilty of removing any beacon, mark or boundary within the Block without authority from LFO shall pay a fine of a goat or MK3,000.00
10	Every person shall participate in all forestry activities for the Block i.e. controlled early burning, patrolling and establishment of annual harvesting coupes.	To be regulated and monitored by BMC	Anyone found guilty of refusing to participate in Block forest activities shall pay a fine of three chickens or MK1',500.00
11	No one is allowed to graze livestock within the Block without authority from LFO.	To be regulated and monitored by BMC	Anyone found guilty of grazing livestock within the Block without authority from LFO shall pay a fine of two chickens or MK1, 000.00.
12	No one is allowed to cut, fell, injure burn or remove any tree from the Block without authority from the LFO.	To be regulated and monitored by BMC	Anyone found guilty of cutting, felling, injuring, burning or removing any tree from the Block without authority from the LFO shall pay a fine of two chickens or MK1,000.00

7.0 FOREST MANAGE MENT PRACTICES FOR MNDINDA BLOCK

PRACTICE	FMU
Total protection	FMUs B, C AND D
Managing regenerants	FMU A
Controlled early burning	FMUs A, B, C AND D
Rotational harvesting of woody products (ABH)	FMU A

7.1 ACTION PLAN The following activities shall be undertaken annually.

NO	Type of work	Resources	By who	Where	When
1	Conduct controlled early burning	- Watering canes - Fire	BMC and entire community	Mndinda block	July- August
2	Conduct meetings	-Minute book -Pens	BMC and entire community	Mndinda block	March, June, September & December
3	Block re demarcation	Hy gross red signal paint, paint brushes, turpentine, GPS, batteries, Camera	BMC and entire community	Mndinda block	May
4	Coupe demarcation	- Field book - Pens - GPs	BMC and forestry staff	Mndinda block	May
5	Marking trees for retention	- Paint - Slashers - Brushes - Stationery	BMC and Forestry staff	Mndinda block	May
6	Issuing of permits for various forest products	-stationery	BMC and the DFO if it's for commercial purpose.	Mndinda block	January- December
7	Harvesting of woody products.	-Axes -Bow saws -Cross-cut saw -Measuring tape	BMC and Forestry Staff	Mndinda block	April- September
8	Patrolling	-pen -field books -slashers -patrol book	BMC and forestry staff	Mndinda block Mndinda	Ongoing
				block	

7.2 Patrolling Plan

Patrols will be conducted twice a week by people from the twenty seven villages in conjunction with DoF staff.

Table 7.2 Patrolling Plan

Table 7.2 Fattoning Fian						
Activity	Who	When	Indicator			
Checking illegal pit sawing.	Community and Forestry Department staff	Twice a week	No. of planks confiscated.			
Checking illegal fuel wood collection.	Community and Forestry Department staff	Twice a week	Quantity of fuel wood confiscated.			
Checking illegal charcoal production.	Community and Forestry Department staff	Twice a week	-No. of bags of charcoal confiscated -No. Of kiln destroyed - No. of cases booked			

7.3 Monitoring and Evaluation Plan

Table 7.3 Monitoring and Evaluation Plan

What will be monitored	Methods for monitoring	Indicators	Who	When to monitor
Harvesting of wood products (Poles, firewood and hoe handles)	Checking on quantity and area harvested against fee payment	Quantity of wood products harvested	BMC ,community and Forest Department staff	Soon after harvesting the products April - September
Harvesting of non- wood forest products	Checking number of permits against amount of money on receipts issued.	Quantity of non- wood products harvested	BMC, community and Forest Department staff	All year round
Controlled early burning	Observation	No. of Ha. Early burnt	BMC, community and Forest Department staff	July- August.

8.0 MANAGEMENT PLANS FOR EACH USE

Forest resource products in Mndinda Block will be harvested in coupes at a rotational age of 10 years in order to allow regeneration and sustainably use of the available forest resource.

Mndinda Forest Block has got a number of woody forest products, key to this being fuel wood.

8.1 Management plan for fuel wood

(a) Forest Product : Fuel wood – key product

(b) Key Species : Mphandwa, mkhuthe, mmbanga, mthethe, mjinkha, mgoza,

Mpasa and mmombo

(c) Demand : High

(d) Supply : High

(e) Problems/issues :

• Uncontrolled late fires

Poor terrain in some areas which makes extraction difficult

• Tree theft.

(f) Management practices

- Harvesting of green wood will be done in demarcated coupes only and marking will be done annually.
- Harvesting will take place between April and September.
- Controlled early burning shall be done annually.
- Commercial fuel wood shall be harvested from demarcated coupes only
- Minimum of 80 trees shall be left in each coupe to be harvested
- Trees shall be cut below 30cm above the ground.
- Selective harvesting shall be conducted in each harvestable coupe.

(g) Allowable area per year

The allowable annual harvest area is 11 hectares per annum based on a 15 year rotation i.e. 5 annual coupes.

(h) Permits

Anyone is entitled to harvest if she/he so wishes as long as permission has been obtained from Block management committee. The District Forestry Officer shall counter sign for all commercial permits.

(i). Fees and royalties

Firewood shall attract fees as follows:

UNIT MEASURE	DOMESTIC PERMIT FEE (MK)	COMMERCIAL PERMIT FEE (MK)
Bicycle load	20	100
Head load	50	100
Oxcart load (cubic	300	500
metre)		

8.2 Management plan for Poles

(a) Forest Product : Poles

(b) Key Species : Pericorpsis angolensis, Faurea species, mtondo,

Kadale, Bridelia micrantha, mseza, mvukwe, syzigium cordatum, and msanga.

(c) **Demand** : High

(d) Supply : High

(e) Problems/issues

Uncontrolled late fires

- Wanton cutting down of trees in matondo prone areas as a means of collection.
- Tree theft.

(f) Management practices

- Harvesting of green wood will be done in demarcated coupes only and marking will be done annually.
- Harvesting will take place between April and September.
- Controlled early burning shall be done annually in order to reduce fire hazards.
- Poles shall be harvested from demarcated coupes only
- Minimum of 80 trees shall be left in each coupe to be harvested
- Trees shall be cut below 30cm above the ground.
- Selective harvesting shall be conducted in each harvestable coupe.

(g) Allowable area per year

The allowable annual harvest area is 11 hectares per annum based on a 15 year rotation i.e. 5 annual coupes.

(h) Permits

Anyone is entitled to harvest if she/he so wishes as long as permission has been obtained from Block management committee. The District Forestry Officer shall counter sign for all commercial permits.

(i). Fees and royalties

Poles shall attract fees as follows:

UNIT MEASURE	DOMESTIC PERMIT	COMMERCIAL
	FEE (MK)	PERMIT FEE (MK)
Roof beam (each)	30	50
Rafters (each)	10	40
Tobacco sticks (each)	10	25
Poles (each)	20	40

8.3 Management plan for Timber

(a)Forest Product : Timber

(b)Key Species : Tericorpsis angolensis, Faurea species, Khaya anthotheca, Mseza.

(c)Demand : High

(d)Supply : High

(e)Problems/issues :

Uncontrolled late fires.

• Tree theft.

(f)Management practices

- Harvesting of green wood will be done in demarcated coupes only and marking will be done annually.
- Harvesting will take place between April and September.
- Controlled early burning shall be done annually in order to reduce fire hazards.
- Timber tree species shall be harvested from demarcated coupes only and shall not be less than 30cm in diameter at breast height.

- Minimum of 80 trees shall be left in each coupe to be harvested
- Trees shall be cut below 30cm above the ground.
- Selective harvesting shall be conducted in each harvestable coupe.

(g) Allowable area per year

The allowable annual harvest area is 11 hectares per annum based on a 15 year rotation i.e. 5 annual coupes.

(h) Permits

Anyone is entitled to harvest if she/he so wishes as long as permission has been obtained from Block management committee. The District Forestry Officer shall counter sign for all commercial permits.

(i). Fees and royalties

Timber trees shall attract fees as follows:

UNIT MEASURE	DOMESTIC PERMIT FEE (MK)	COMMERCIAL PERMIT FEE (MK)
Timber tree (each)	5,000.00	6,500.00

8.4 Management Plan for Fruits

a)Forest Product : Fruits

b) Key species : Mgonkhomwala, nthudza, mjinkha, mpoza, mphanjolo

Mphandwa, mviru, njaye, mavalo a kalulu,

Ndyapumbwa, mlambe, mphsyiphsy, mfula, maye.

c) Demand : Highd) Supply : High

e) **Problems/issues** : Cutting down of fruit trees carelessly.

Harmful bush fires.

f) Management practices

- Every person shall obtain a permit from BMC for collection of fruits.
- All fruit collectors shall posses a carrying basket.
- Unnecessarily cutting down of fruit trees is prohibited.
- Controlled early burning shall be conducted in order to reduce fire hazards.

g) Allowable Area per year

Fruits shall be harvested throughout the block as long as permission is obtained from the BMC.

h) Permits

Fruits shall be collected without any fee as long as permission is obtained from the BMC

i) Fees and royalties

Free

8.5 Management Plan for Fibre Ropes

(a) Forest product : Fibre ropes

(b) **Key Species** : Mphandwa, mombo, kamphoni and msekese.

(c) **Demand** : High (d) **Supply** : High

(e) **Problems/Issue** : Harmful bush fires.

Unsustainable way of harvesting.

Management Practices:

• Every person shall obtain a permit from the BMC for collection of fibre.

- Fibre shall be obtained from tree branches and coppices.
- Areas which have regenerants shall be protected from fire.
- Controlled early burning shall be conducted in order to reduce fire hazards.

(g) Allowable quantity per year

A permit holder shall collect fibre as available.

(h)Permits

Anyone is entitled to obtain a permit from the BMC

(i) Fees and royalties:

MK100.00 for a permit for domestic use while for

Commercial use a permit holder shall pay MK 200.00.

.

8.6 Management Plan for Traditional Medicine

(a) Forest product : Traditional medicine

(b) **Key Species** : Chitedzi cha msanga, mbwazi, msolo, thombodzi wa sanga,

mbzoli, chisomo, mpandanjobvu, nafungwe, nkangamila, palijekanthu, ntondo, mseza, mlungalunga, thupa, mkulasinga,

kawereka and mkumbatira.

(c) **Demand** : High

(d) Supply : High

(e) Problems/Issue: Harmful bush fires,

Unsustainable way of collecting traditional medicine. i.e.

Tree ring barking.

(f) Management Practices:

- Every person shall obtain a permit from the BMC for collection of medicine.
- Every person who obtains permission from BMC shall back fill the pits dug and shall obtain few plant parts and not ring barking the tree.
- Controlled early burning shall be conducted in order to reduce fire hazards

(g) Allowable quantity per year

A permit holder shall collect traditional medicine as available.

(h) Permits

Anyone is entitled to collect traditional medicine from the block as long as he/she has BMC permit

(i) Fees and royalties:

• Medicine collected by members of Mndinda BMC shall be free of charge while non members shall pay a fee of MK250.00 for a permit.

8.7 Management plan for Mushroom

(a) Forest product : Mushroom

(b) Key Species : Chisuku, ndelema, chiwere, mphofa, kasanza,

Chimphindi,

Kapasa, manyame, mathwe, utali, kanjawala, katerera and

Manda.

(c) **Demand** : High

(d) Supply : High

(e) Problems/Issue: Destruction of mushroom by livestock

Bad harvesting techniques

(f) Management Practices:

• Every person shall obtain a permit from the BMC for mushroom collection

- Controlled early burning shall be conducted in order to reduce fire hazards.
- Every mushroom collector shall posses a carrying basket and shall be prohibited from using tree leaves.
- Controlled early burning shall be practiced.

(g) Allowable Quantity per year

- Mushroom shall be collected throughout the block.
- A permit holder shall collect mushroom as available.

(h)Permits

Anyone is entitled to collect mushroom from the block as long as there is BMC permit

(i) Fees and royalties:

 Members of Mndinda Block Management Committee shall collect mushroom for free of charge while non members shall collect at a fee of MK50.00 for a permit.

8.8 Management plan for Honey

(a) Forest product : Honey

(b) Key Species : Sanga

(c) **Demand** : High

(d) Supply : Little

(e) **Problems/Issue** : Harmful bush fires destroy bees and trees.

Unsustainable harvesting techniques.

(f) Management Practices:

• All bee keepers shall obtain permit from BMC and shall use Malawian Standard Top bar Hives.

- Controlled early burning shall be conducted in order to reduce fire hazards.
- All honey collectors shall use bee smokers during harvesting and not lighting fire.
- Bee hive installation shall be done in FMU 1 throughout the year.

(g) Allowable Quantity per year

• A permit holder shall install as many bee hives as he/she can.

(h)Permits

Anyone is entitled to practice bee keeping within the block as long as there is BMC permit.

(i) Fees and royalties:

• Members of Mndinda Block Management Committee shall pay MK300.00 per bee hive per annum.

9.0 BENEFIT SHARING ARRANGEMENT

Revenue realised from sales of produce from the block shall be distributed as outlined in table 9.1 below.

Table 9.1 Revenue Distribution

Revenue source level	Category of fees	Type of account	Signatories	Use of funds	Remarks
Forest Reserve Account	Permit Fees for Domestic use	Block Committee Account	Elected Block Committee Members	 Micro-credit to FBE groups Forest management Buying communal food items to be used during meetings. Financing community development projects at VDC level. 	-Forest Products harvested with permits issued by BMC - All the monies realised from forest products for domestic use to be deposited into this account.
Forest reserve account	Permit Fees for commercial use	Block Committee Account	Elected Block Committee Members and countersigned by DFO	 Micro-credit to FBE groups Forest management Buying communal food items to be used during meetings. Financing community development projects at VDC level. 	-60% of revenue deposited into BMCA (Block Management Committee Account) -30% of the revenue into FDF (Forest Development Fund). -10% of the revenue into Local Forest Management Board (Account.

		LFMBA)

10.0 FINANCIAL ISSUES

The Block Management Committee will issue product harvesting collection permits for different products at different prices, depending on whether they are for domestic or commercial use. Estimated domestic permit fee income and commercial permit fee income were calculated based on information provided during discussions with the BMC and later had small adjustments during feedback meeting with the whole community.

A number of estimated variables were used. The domestic and commercial fee rates set by the BMC and later endorsed by the wider community are shown in table 4.

The estimated annual income from domestic permit fee is MK252, 030.00 (7.8%) while that from commercial fee permit is MK2, 976,500.00

(92.2%) thus summing up to MK3, 228,530.00 (100%)

To generate the income through sustainable forest management various activities need to be done by the members of the community (BMC inclusive). These are carried out on the basis of voluntary inputs by community. The nominal costs of carrying out these activities have been calculated in order to off-set them against the permit fee income.

One is reminded that these costs will not be paid in cash.

ANNEX 1 TABLE

Table 1 SHOWING COST OF ACTIVITIES PER ANNUM (FOREST MANAGEMENT COST)

Operation	Work rate	Daily rate (MK)	Normal Cost (MK)
Controlled early burning	60 Person days	200	12,000.00
Patrolling	1280 Person days	150	192,000.00
Coupe demarcation and marking trees for retention	20 Person days	80	1,600.00
	205,600.00		

Annual Cash Flow

Based on the data from the previous tables, estimated annual cash flow for Mndinda Block is shown in Table 2. This assumes that under the co-management benefit sharing model which says that 100% of domestic permit fees be deposited into Block Account while 60% of commercial fees is to be deposited into the same Block Account . 30% of commercial permit fees will be deposited into Forest Development Fund Account held at National level while 10% will be deposited into LFMB Account held at district level.

Table 2: Showing Estimated Annual Cash flow for Mndinda Block

Block Management Committee Account	MK	% of Gross Income
Domestic Permit fees	252,030.00	7.8%
Commercial Permits fees	2,976,500.00	92.2%
Gross Income	3,228,530.00	100%
Less share to LFMB account (10% of commercial income)	297,650.00	10%
Less share to FD account (30% of commercial income)	892,950.00	30%

Balance	1,785,900.00	60%
Less costs of forest management (Labour inputs in kind)	205,600.00	
Effective Net Income	1,832,330.00	
Average net income per hectare	229,041.25	
Average income per household	35,928.04	

Table 3: Showing total supply in annual coupes.

No	Forest product	No available for harvest per ha	Total harvestable in annual coupes
1	Poles	1350	10800
2	Rafters	1275	10200
3	Roof beam	1200	9600
4	Tobacco sticks	270	2160
5	Fuel wood	Mendles: 300	Mendles: 2,400
		Head loads: 2,000	Head loads: 16,000
6	Timber	300	2,400
7	Traditional medicine	high	High
8	Fruits	high	High
9	Mushroom	high	High
10	Fiber	high	high
11	Matondo	little	little

Table 4: Projected Income from Permit Fees

No	Forest product	Domestic permit fees	Commercial permit fees	Total Income
		MK	MK	MK
1	Poles	47,600.00	336,000.00	383,600.00
2	Rafters	35,600.00	336,000.00	371,600.00
3	Roof beams	7,650.00	466,500.00	474,150.00
4	Tobacco sticks	30,000.00	15,000.00	45,000.00
5	Fuel wood	103,680.00	1,082,000.00	1,185,680.00
6	Timber	27,500.00	741,000.00	768,500.00
	TOTAL	252,030.00	2,976,500.00	3,228,530.00

Table 5: Showing Quantity of Forest Products for Sale

Forest Product	Demand	Supply	Surplus	Deficit
Poles	2,380	10,800	8,420	-
Rafters	1,784	10,200	8,416	-
Roof beam	256	9,600	9,344	-
Tobacco sticks	1,500	2,160	660	-
Fuel wood	777 mendles	2,400	1,623 mendles	-
Timber	5	2,400	115	-

ANNEX 11 CONSTITUTION OF MNDINDA BLOCK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

OBJECTIVE OF THE BMC

To jointly, protect, manage and control the sustainable utilization of forest products and other ecological services in Mndinda Block with Forestry Department upon a signed Co-management Agreement.

STRUCTURE AND MEMBERSHIP

Managing Committee

Mndinda group members agreed on a meeting that office bearers should comprise of a Chairperson and a Vice Chairperson, Secretary and Vice Secretary, Treasurer and five committee members totaling to 10 in number GVH Mndinda, VHs Mndinda will be ex official members of the managing committee. The group will also comprise of other members from within GVH Mndinda who will be involved in carrying out all activities of managing the Block.

CHAIRPERSON AND VICE CHAIRPERSON

- Must know how to read and write
- Must be citizen/Indigenous of the area
- Must be active in forestry activities
- Must be elected by the majority of the community
- Must be of good conduct

Duties

- 1. To frequently call for meetings
- 2. To ensure that the entire committee is functioning properly
- 3. To be signatory of village payments and Bank Accounts
- 4. To enforce resources use rules.

SECRETARY AND VICE SECRETARY

- Must know how to read and write
- Must be citizen/indigenous of the area
- Must have good conduct
- Must be elected by the community

Duties

- 1. Writing invitational letters to meetings
- 2. Writing minutes of the proceedings
- 3. Keeping and maintaining records of materials received and issued out
- 4. Reporting on work progress

TREASURER

- Must know how to read and write
- Must be citizen of the area
- Must be trust worthy
- Must have good and secure place for keeping goods

Duties

- 1. Keeping goods and finances of the BMC
- 2. Recording and maintaining goods in stores ledger
- 3. Writing financial reports

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

- Must be citizens of the area
- Must be honest and have good conduct
- Must have talking facts

Duties

- 1. Resolving disputes
- 2. Monitoring performance of other office bearers
- 3. Performing duties assigned to them by other office bearers.

Eligibility for election to office

- ❖ Anyone who is citizen of GVH Mndinda is free to contest
- Must be honest and have good conduct
- ❖ The Group Village Head will call for a meeting to elect office bearers at the end of every 5th year. An emergency meeting will be called to elect an office bearer if vacancy exists for the post. Voting system will be one man one vote.

Tenure

❖ Term of office for Mndinda Block Management Committee is 5 years and the Group Village head will call for a meeting at the end of the 5th year to elect new office hearers

Disqualification of office bearers

- ❖ An office bearer shall be disqualified from the committee if/she is incompetent, does malpractice and if she/he violates the resource use rules.
- ❖ If he/she is inactive in performing activities of managing the Block
- ❖ If he/she is cruel

POWERS OF THE MANAGING COMMITTEE

- ❖ To penalize culprits as stated in the sanctions in resource use rules in management plan
- To plan and announce the program of forestry activities to wider community
- ❖ To ensure that all members are participating in forestry activities as stipulated in the activity plan
- ❖ To promote unity among members
- ❖ To issue licenses as stated in Management plan.

DISSOLUTION OF THE MANAGING COMMITTEE

- ❖ Term of office for Mndinda Block Management agreed is 5 years
- Fresh elections will be conducted every 5th year
- ❖ The group village is empowered to dissolve the committee upon malpractice and incompetence.

Eligibility: General Membership

- ❖ Any person from GVH Mndinda is free to join
- ❖ The village head will call for a meeting every 5th year to elect new office bearers
- Must not be a drunkard
- ❖ New members within the GVH Mndinda are free to join

DISQUALIFICATION OF MEMBERS FROM THE GENERAL BODY

- Upon malpractice of an individual
- ❖ Failing to participate in forestry activities

RIGHT OF APPEAL

- ❖ Disqualified person or group within BMC has/have the right to appeal to VH, GVH, TA or to court to be heard
- ❖ Disqualified person or a group may be restored upon hearing the case from the both parties and judgment passed by VH, GVH, TA or Court
- ❖ Disqualified person(s) from general body has the right to appeal to VH, GVH, TA or Court and upon hearing the case the VH, GVH, TA or Court have the capacity to restore or discard the person(s) or suspend the person for a period determined during hearing.

FUNCTIONING OF THE INSTITUTION

Duties of the General Body

- ❖ Participate in all Forestry activities as outlined in the activity plan
- ❖ Elect the BMC
- * Revise constitution and Forest Management Plans every year
- ❖ Proper Management of all Forest resources in Mndinda Block.

FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS

- ❖ BMC will hold meetings of work progress twice a month
- ❖ BMC will conduct one meeting with Mndinda group members every month
- ❖ Agent meetings will be conducted for either BMC or wider community as need arise

*

Quorum for meetings

- ❖ Meeting of BMC Office bearers will commerce if five members are present
- ❖ Meeting with wider community will commence if twenty active members are present and important decisions can be passed.

Forest Resource rules for Mndinda Block

These rules where applicable relate to the whole Block.

No	Resource rules	Specification	Penalty
1.	No one is allowed to collect any forest produce (fuel wood, fibre ropes, etc) from the Block without permit from BMC.	Collection of any forest produce will require a written authorization from the LFO.	Anyone found guilty of collecting forest produce without permit shall pay a fine of (1) chicken or MK500.00
2.	No one is allowed to light or cause fire to light in the Block without authority.	Under control by BMC during controlled early burning.	Anyone found guilty of lighting or causing fire to light without permit shall pay a fine of (1) one goat or MK3,000.00
3.	No one is allowed to hunt in the Block without permit from BMC.	Strictly prohibited	Anyone found guilty of hunting in the Block without authority shall pay a fine of two chickens or MK1,000.00
4	No one is allowed to saw timber in the Block without permit from BMC	Sawing of timber shall be done under license.	Anyone found guilty of sawing timber in the Block without authority shall pay a fine of five chickens or MK2, 500.00.
5	No one is allowed to collect honey in the Block without permit from	Collection of honey will require a written authorization	Anyone found guilty of collecting honey without permit

	BMC.	from the LFO.	shall pay a fine of two chickens or MK1, 000.00.
6	Anyone who has been permitted to access and use the Block must be accompanied by LFO member	To be regulated and monitored by BMC	Anyone who accesses and uses the Block without being accompanied by LFO member shall pay a fine of a chicken or MK500.00
7	No one is allowed to elect any building, a hut or cattle enclosure	Under strict control by the BMC	Anyone found guilty of electing any building, a hut or cattle enclosure shall pay a fine of four chickens or MK2,000.00
8	No one is allowed to clear, break up land for cultivation in the Block without authority from the LFO.	Under strict control by the BMC.	Anyone found guilty of clearing, breaking up land for cultivation in the Block without authority from the LFO shall pay a fine of a goat or MK3,000.00
9	No one is allowed to alter or remove any beacon, mark or boundary within the Block without authority from LFO.	Under strict control by the BMC.	Anyone found guilty of removing any beacon, mark or boundary within the Block without authority from LFO shall pay a fine of a goat or MK3,000.00
10	Every person shall participate in all forestry activities for the Block i.e. controlled early burning, patrolling and establishment of annual harvesting coupes.	To be regulated and monitored by BMC	Anyone found guilty of refusing to participate in Block forest activities shall pay a fine of three chickens or MK1`,500.00
11	No one is allowed to graze livestock within the Block without authority from LFO.	To be regulated and monitored by BMC	Anyone found guilty of grazing livestock within the Block without authority from LFO shall pay a fine of two chickens or MK1, 000.00.
12	No one is allowed to cut, fell, injure burn or remove any tree from the Block without authority from the LFO.	To be regulated and monitored by BMC	Anyone found guilty of cutting, felling, injuring, burning or removing any tree from the Block without authority from the LFO shall pay a fine of two chickens or MK1,000.00

ACCOUNTS / FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Treasurer will be keeping goods (money & materials) for the group. A bank account shall be opened where excess money will be deposited.

Chairperson, Secretary and Treasurer will be signatories of the bank account. The offender shall pay the fine to the committee and the same shall be kept by the Treasurer.

PAYMENT PROCEDURES

The accused shall not participate in forestry activities until she/he completes paying the fine. The fine inform of livestock shall be sold and money realized shall be kept by the treasurer.

RECORD KEEPING

Group members of Mndinda Block agreed to have several records which shall be kept for smooth forest management.

(a) Minute book

To record minutes of meetings and decisions made on specific meetings.

(b) Offences and fines book

To record all offences against management rules, culprits, fines, date paid, receipt no recorded and signatories of three executive members.

(c) Permit book

To record each permit issued by the committee for what purpose, to whom, amount of fee, number of receipt issued, date of expiry, who will inspect the use, signatories of chairperson, secretary and treasurer.

(d) Receipt book

To record amount of fees and royalties.

(e) Patrol book

To record patrol information i.e. who patrolled, where, when, what damage to the forest seen.

(f) Stores ledger

To record village goods received/ purchased and issued.

(g) Account book

The village shall open bank account in which the chairperson, secretary and treasurer shall be signatories.

(h) Visitors book

All visitors shall write in their names, purpose of visit, address and remarks on their observations.

(i) Attendance register

All Block management committee members shall be recorded in this book.

POLICY ON LOAN

- Forest based enterprise groups or an individual within GVH Mndinda shall have access to loan from Mndinda Block Management Account.
- Interest shall be 20% and the minimum amount to be given to any one on loan is MK2, 000.00 and shall be payable after a period of four months.

POLICY ON EQUALITY

There shall be equality between gender groups in performing forestry activities, during election of office bearers and during benefit sharing.

REVIEW OF CONSTITUTION

The constitution shall be amended or reviewed every year. The Group village head shall call for a wider community meeting at the end of every year to amend the constitution.

REVENUE SHARING

Money realized shall be kept in Mndinda Block Management Account and shall be used as follows:

- Financing all forestry activities outlined in the activity plan (Block reinvestment) i.e. procurement of inputs and stationery for use by BMC (40%).
- Funding trainings for members (20%)
- Purchasing food during meetings and other forestry activities (20%)
- Lending forest based enterprise groups (15%).
- Financing community development projects at VDC level (5%).

COMMERNCEMENTOF THE CONSTITUTION

Mndinda Block Management Committee constitution shall be in operation after being signed by all relevant authorities.

SIGNATORIES

SIGNATORY	DATE
BLOCK CHAIRPERSON	
GROUP VILLAGE HEAD	
TA NTHONDO	
DFO	
DC	

11.0 CO-MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

(Forestry Act, 1997 Section 25)

TH	IIS AGREEMENT is made theday of
to	ETWEEN Director of Forestry, Ministry of Energy and Mines, hereinafter referred as the Government, and local residents of
	lage(s) of Traditional Authorityand District
_	presented by
	ganisation (herewith described as LFO) and known also as the block management mmittee.
co- res	e Government, hereby, wishes to make an agreement with the LFO to provide for management, in partnership with the Department of Forestry, of the forest sources of
N(1.	OW IT IS HEREBY AGREED as follows: The Government shall upon being satisfied with transitional arrangements recognize the joint authority of the LFO to protect, manage, control and utilize sustainably the forest resource for the benefit of the local community of
2.	village(s). The LFO accepts and undertakes to protect, manage, control and utilize sustainably the forest resource in accordance with terms and conditions stipulated in this agreement and annexed block co-management plan.

LFO OBLIGATIONS

- 3. In particular the Government gives authority to the LFO subject to the following conditions:
- (a.) Forest resources shall be properly maintained and managed according to approved management techniques as set out in the annexed block Comanagement Plan.
- (b.) The LFO shall enforce the powers that have been devolved to them by the Government in the Forest Rules 2001, and in any subsequent rules, and as agreed in the LFO Registration Agreement.
- (c.) The LFO shall protect, manage, control and utilize in a manner that maintains productivity, the forest resources within their jurisdiction and will issue permits and licenses for forest produce primarily for the benefit of the local community and (in the event of surplus products becoming available) for their commercial sale under a license system, as set out in the annexed management plan.
- (d.) To assist the District Forest Officer with the issuing of conveyance certificates, the local forest organization may provide the necessary supporting

- documentation (ownership certificate) to verify source and ownership of wood products under its control. It may also assist local private individuals with wood products in their locality verify ownership for applying for a conveyance certificate from the District Forest Officer.
- (e.) Benefits accruing from the forest resource shall be equitably utilized by the community in accordance with the benefit sharing arrangements set out in the annexed management plan and LFO constitution
- (f.) Revenue accruing from the forest resource shall be equitably utilized by the community in accordance with the LFO Constitution and as per agreements reached at general assembly's of the LFO
- (g.) 10% of the share of revenue accruing from the issue of commercial harvesting permits and licenses (i.e. those permits and licenses not issued for domestic or subsistence purposes) shall be deposited into the account of the Local Forest Management Board of

......Forest Reserve, with transfers being made on a quarterly basis

- (h.) 30% of the share of revenue accruing from the issue of commercial harvesting permits and licenses (i.e. those permits and licenses not issued for domestic or subsistence purposes) shall be deposited into the Forest Development Fund Account Number 1 with such transfers being made on a quarterly basis.
- (i.) It is expected that 60% of the funds available to the LFO after sharing the proportions specified in (g) and (h) will be utilized by the LFO for the purposes of forest development, management and operating costs. This includes utilization of the funds inside and outside the area of the co-management block.
- (j.) The LFO shall make accessible records of accounts and licenses issued to the Director of Forestry or his/her representative, the District Commissioner or his/her representative upon receiving notification from the Director of Forestry or District Commissioner.
- (k.) The LFO shall represent and be accountable to the community and operate in accordance with the agreed constitution.

FORESTRY DEPARTMENT OBLIGATIONS

- 4. In particular the District Forestry Officer and his delegated representatives, shall;
- (a.) Provide technical expertise to support the joint implementation with the LFO and the timely revision of the attached block co-management plan
- (b.) Advice and assist with monitoring local accountability mechanisms including, conduct of meetings, elections, by-elections, record keeping, financial accounting, and reporting.
- (c.) Provide a basic set of office resources for the LFO (on signature of this agreement) comprising cash books; minute books; duplicate license forms; headed paper and an official LFO stamp or unique mark, plus other necessary items in order to support the set-up of a transparent and well documented forest management and local licensing system. It is anticipated that the LFO will take over purchasing these items after collecting revenue.
- (d.) Assist the coordination of forest law enforcement activities between the LFO, traditional Leaders, local community policing forums, local police officers and the District Magistrate in accordance with annexed co-management plan.

- (e.) With the LFO jointly monitor the block demarcated in the co-management plan to ensure management is in accordance with this Agreement and in accordance with Standards & Guidelines for Participatory Forestry in Malawi.
- (f.) Jointly with the LFO countersign any permits and licenses being for the commercial utilization and harvesting of forest products (non-domestic use) in accordance with block co-management plan
- (g.) In line with licensing procedures issue conveyance certificates against verified documentation to ensure legal transportation of forest products.
- (h.) Provide in collaboration with other partners, legal, organizational, marketing and other forms of support to the LFO as appropriate.
- (i.) Organize in collaboration with other partners, relevant training courses to enhance organizational, technical and management capacity of Local Forest Boards, LFO, traditional authorities and other members of the community.
- (j.) Recognize and actively support the protection and policing measures taken by the FMB, LFO and the community in accordance with the Forest Act, 1997, Forest Rules 2001, and Local Forest Organization Registration Agreement.

COMMENCEMENT, DURATION AND TERMINATION

- 5. This Agreement shall come into effect when signed by the Director of Forestry, representatives of the parties, and shall be binding indefinitely subject to clauses 6 and 9 below.
- 6. The Director of Forestry shall have the right to terminate this agreement and revoke authority to protect, manage, control and utilize forest resources, in any of the following events;

Negligence or failure to protect, manage and control the co-management block.

- If the LFO commits any serious breach of this agreement.
- 7. The powers stipulated in clause 6 above, shall not be exercised unless the Director of Forestry has tried all efforts to resolve or correct the situation amicably.
- 8. In cautioning the local community the Director of Forestry shall cite the shortcomings and remedies giving the period within which they should be addressed.
- 9. The LFO may terminate this agreement at any time by giving notice of not less than 8 weeks, in any of the following events;
 - if there is serious breach of this agreement.
 - if for any reason the community finds itself unable or unwilling to continue with the activities of the designated co-management block.
- 10. In the event of notice of termination, LFO shall be under obligation to ensure that the forest area is protected until a Caretaker Committee or Government has assumed authority over the block.

DEMARCATION AND BOUNDARY

11. Division or delineation of forest areas shall be as displayed on the sketch map forming part of the Management Plan annexed to this Co-management Agreement.

DISPUTES

12. In the event of any dispute arising under the Forestry Management Agreement, the matter shall be referred to the Minister Responsible. If any party is dissatisfied with the decision passed by the Minister he/she may apply for a judicial review to the High Court.

MNDINDA BLOCK MANAGEMENT PLAN (NTCHIST

13. SIGNED: E PAR. SHORE X	p.o. Box
DIRECTOR OF FORESTRY	SUS
Dated $10-6\psi-13$	
AND	
E L'uadi Chawinga	
CHAIRPERSON, LOCAL FOREST	ORGANISATION
Dated	
WITNESSES:	Th 10
S. S. V.H. mudy la	24/5-2013
GROUP VILLAGE HEADMAN	TRADITIONAL AUTHORITY
	CHIEF NTHONDO MTSIRO HEADQUARTERS
Dated 23-3-13	Dated
PRIXXWa	P.O. BOX 1, NTCHIST
DISTRICT COMMISSIONER	THE DISTRICT COMMISSIONER
Dated 24/05/2613	2 7 MAY 2013
	PO BOY 1 NECLUS

13. SIGNED:	
DIRECTOR OF FORESTRY	
Dated	
AND	
——————————————————————————————————————	ORGANISATION
Dated	
WITNESSES:	
GROUP VILLAGE HEADMAN	TRADITIONAL AUTHORITY
Dated	Dated
DISTRICT COMMISSIONER	
Dated	